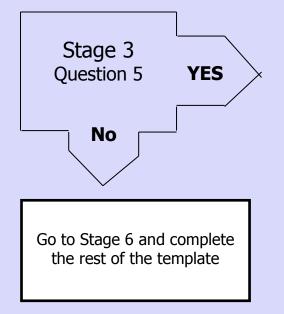
## **Equality Impact Assessment Template**

The Council has revised and simplified its Equality Impact Assessment process (EqIA). There is now just one Template. Lead Officers will need to complete **Stages 1-3** to determine whether a full EqIA is required and the need to complete the whole template.

Complete Stages 1-3 for all project proposals, new policy, policy review, service review, deletion of service, restructure etc



Continue with Stage 4 and complete the whole template for a full EqIA

- In order to complete this assessment, it is important that you have read the Corporate Guidelines on EqIAs and preferably completed the EqIA E-learning Module.
- You are also encouraged to refer to the EqIA Template with Guidance Notes to assist you in completing this template.
- SIGN OFF: All EqIAs need to be signed off by your Directorate Equality Task Groups. EqIAs relating to Cabinet Reports need to be submitted to the EqIA Quality Assurance Group at least one month before your Cabinet Report date. This group meets on the first Monday of each month.
- Legal will NOT accept any reports without a fully completed, Quality Assured and signed off EqIA.

The EqIA Guidance, Template and sign off process is available on the Hub under Equality and Diversity

Equality Im	nact Accoccm	ont (FaIA) Tomple	oto
. , ,		ent (EqIA) Templa	
Type of Decision: Tick ✓	✓ Cabinet	Portfolio Holder	Other (explain)
Date decision to be taken:	COOL		
Value of savings to be made (if applicable):	£80k		
Title of Project:			savings on utilities and maintenance costs
Directorate / Service responsible:	Environment & En	•	
Name and job title of Lead Officer:	•	iste, Divisional Director	
Name & contact details of the other persons involved in the assessment:	Hanif Islam, Jessie	e Man	
Date of assessment (including review dates):	26/08/2015		
Stage 1: Overview			
1. What are you trying to do?  (Explain your proposals here e.g. introduction of a new service or policy, policy review, changing criteria, reduction / removal of service, restructure, deletion of posts etc)	An approval was ob the street lighting in more energy efficie	otained to bring forward the can provement programme. This nt light bulbs, and the extensi	treet lighting in the agreed capital programme. apital budget from 16/17 to 15/16 to accelerate includes replacing aged columns and installingtion of the variable lighting regime. enance are anticipated as a result of this.

	Residents / Service Users	✓	Partners	✓	Stakeholders	✓
	Staff	✓	Age		Disability	
<b>2.</b> Who are the main people / Protected Characteristics that may be affected by your proposals? (✓ all that apply)	Gender Reassignment		Marriage and Civil Partnership		Pregnancy and Maternity	
	Race		Religion or Belief		Sex	
	Sexual Orientation		Other			
<ul><li>3. Is the responsibility shared with another directorate, authority or organisation? If so:</li><li>Who are the partners?</li></ul>						

#### Stage 2: Evidence & Data Analysis

Who has the overall responsibility?

How have they been involved in the assessment?

4. What evidence is available to assess the potential impact of your proposals? This can include census data, borough profile, profile of service users, workforce profiles, results from consultations and the involvement tracker, customer satisfaction surveys, focus groups, research interviews, staff surveys, press reports, letters from residents and complaints etc. Where possible include data on the nine Protected Characteristics.

(Where you have gaps (data is not available/being collated for any Protected Characteristic), you may need to include this as an action to address in your Improvement Action Plan at Stage 6)

Protected Characteristic	Evidence	Analysis & Impact
Age (including carers of young/older people)	New lamp columns are unlikely to have any adverse effect. However, elderly/vulnerable residents may be more affected by the perception of crime if lights are dimmed. Borough wide 2011 census shows that Harrow has a fairly significant elderly population with 14.1% over the age of 65.	The dimming will be between 12am and 6am and from previous roll outs and we know that most people in areas where lighting changed to the new dimmable lighting had not noticed the phased dimming. Also it is likely that this group of residents will not be out during these hours nor be aware of any significant changes in light intensity. Also, key corridors will not be dimmed. So overall, this group is unlikely to be adversely disproportionately affected.

Disability (including carers of disabled people)	Disabled / vulnerable residents may be more affected by the perception of crime if lights are dimmed.  In 24 per cent (20,323) of Harrow's households one person has a limiting long-term health problem or disability including dependant and no dependent children (please see table below). This highlights that Harrow has a significant proportion of residents with a long - term health problem or disability.	The dimming will be between 12am and 6am and from previous roll outs we know that most people in areas where lighting changed to the new dimmable lighting had not noticed the phased dimming. Also it is likely that this group of residents will not be out during these hours nor be aware of any significant changes in light intensity. Also, key corridors will not be dimmed. So overall, this group is unlikely to be adversely disproportionately affected.				
Gender Reassignment	No data collected. Unlikely to have an adverse disproportionate effect.	As above				
Marriage / Civil Partnership	No data collected. Unlikely to have an adverse disproportionate effect.	As above				
Pregnancy and Maternity	No data collected. Unlikely to have an adverse disproportionate effect.	As above				
Race	No data collected. Unlikely to have an adverse disproportionate effect.	As above				
Religion and Belief	No data collected. Unlikely to have an adverse disproportionate effect.	As above				
Sex / Gender	No data collected. Unlikely to have an adverse disproportionate effect.	As above				
Sexual Orientation	No data collected. Unlikely to have an adverse disproportionate effect.	As above				
Stage 3: Assessing Potential Disproportionate Impact						
5. Based on the evidence you have considered so far, is there a risk that your proposals could potentially have a disproportionate adverse impact on						

Marriage

and Civil

Pregnancy and

Maternity

# carers) carers) Reassignment Partnership

Disability

(including

Harrow Council Equality Impact Assessment Template – June 2015

Gender

any of the Protected Characteristics?

Age

(including

Sex

Sexual

Orientation

Religion and

Belief

Race

Yes									
No	X	X	X	Χ	Χ	X	Χ	X	X
<b>YES -</b> If there is a risk of disproportionate adverse Impact on any <b>ONE</b> of the Protected Characteristics, continue with the rest of the template.									

- - Best Practice: You may want to consider setting up a Working Group (including colleagues, partners, stakeholders, voluntary community sector organisations, service users and Unions) to develop the rest of the EqIA
  - It will be useful to also collate further evidence (additional data, consultation with the relevant communities, stakeholder groups and service users directly affected by your proposals) to further assess the potential disproportionate impact identified and how this can be mitigated.
  - NO If you have ticked 'No' to all of the above, then go to Stage 6
  - Although the assessment may not have identified potential disproportionate impact, you may have identified actions which can be taken to advance equality of opportunity to make your proposals more inclusive. These actions should form your Improvement Action Plan at Stage 6

### Stage 4: Further Consultation / Additional Evidence

6. What further consultation have you undertaken on your proposals as a result of your analysis at Stage 3?

Who was consulted? What consultation methods were used?	What do the results show about the impact on different groups / Protected Characteristics?	What actions have you taken to address the findings of the consultation? E.g. revising your proposals

#### Stage 5: Assessing Impact

7. What does your evidence tell you about the impact on the different Protected Characteristics? Consider whether the evidence shows potential for differential impact, if so state whether this is a positive or an adverse impact? If adverse, is it a minor or major impact?

	striat impact, if co clate threater the load postato of all autoros impact. If autoros, lo it a minor of major impact.							
		Adverse Impact		Explain what this impact is, how likely it is to	What measures can you take to mitigate the			
	Positive			happen and the extent of impact if it was to	impact or advance equality of opportunity?			
Protected	Impact			occur.	E.g. further consultation, research, implement			
Characteristic		Minor	Major	Note – Positive impact can also be used to	equality monitoring etc			
	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	✓	demonstrate how your proposals meet the	(Also Include these in the Improvement			
				aims of the PSED Stage 7	Action Plan at Stage 6)			

Age (including carers of young/older people)			
Disability (including carers of disabled people)			
Gender Reassignment			
Marriage and Civil Partnership			
Pregnancy and Maternity			
Race			
Religion or Belief			

Sex								
Sexual orientation								
8. Cumulative Impact – Considering what else is happening within the					Yes		No	
		•		sals have a cumulative		·		
impact on a part	icular Prote	ected Chara	cteristic?					
If yes, which Pro		racteristics	could be a	ffected and what is the				
_	-			s happening within the	Yes		No	
Council and Harrow as a whole (for example national/local policy, austerity, welfare reform, unemployment levels, community tensions, levels of crime) could your proposals have an impact on individuals/service users socio economic, health or an impact on community cohesion?								
If yes, what is th	e potential	impact and	d how likely	is it to happen?				
Stage 6 – Imp				1.1				

List below any actions you plan to take as a result of this Impact Assessment. These should include:

- Proposals to mitigate any adverse impact identified
- Positive action to advance equality of opportunity
- Monitoring the impact of the proposals/changes once they have been implemented

• Any monitoring measures which need to be introduced to ensure effective monitoring of your proposals? How often will you do this?

Area of potential adverse impact e.g. Race, Disability	Proposal to mitigate adverse impact	How will you know this has been achieved? E.g. Performance Measure / Target	Lead Officer/Team	Target Date

	Monitor levels of customer complaints and						
Age	service enquiries	Directorate SMT					
	Monitor levels of customer complaints and						
	service enquiries	Directorate SMT					
Disability							
Stage 7: Public Se	ctor Equality Duty						
<b>10</b> . How do your prop	posals meet the Public Sector Equality Duty						
(PSED) which require							
` '	discrimination, harassment and victimisatio	n					
	prohibited by the Equality Act 2010						
	of opportunity between people from differen	+					
groups	or opportunity between people from uniterest						
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	one between needle from different groups						
	ons between people from different groups						
Stage 8: Recomme							
	hich of the following statements best descri	, , ,					
	ange required: the EqIA has not identified ar		portionate impact and all	✓			
	nce equality of opportunity are being addres			·			
	Impact: Minor adjustments to remove / miti		f opportunity have been				
	and these are listed in the Action Plan above						
	Impact: Continue with proposals despite have						
advance equality of opportunity. In this case, the justification needs to be included in the EqIA and should be in line with the PSED to							
have 'due regard'. In some cases, compelling reasons will be needed. You should also consider whether there are sufficient plans to							
reduce the adverse impact and/or plans to monitor the impact. (Explain this in Q12 below)							
12. If your EqIA is assessed as outcome 3 explain your							
	easoning to continue with your						
proposals.							

## Stage 9 - Organisational sign Off

<b>13</b> . Which group or committee considered, reviewed and agreed the EqIA and the Improvement Action Plan?			
Signed: (Lead officer completing EqIA)	Venetia Reid-Baptiste	Signed: (Chair of DETG)	Hanif Islam
Date:		Date:	
Date EqIA presented at the EqIA Quality Assurance Group (if required)		Signature of DETG Chair	